700 Series Remote Teller System (RTS)
Installation and Operation Manual
February 6, 2009
TABLE OF CONTENTS

DISCLAIMER

WARNINGS

1 INTRODUCTION
   1.1 Product Overview
   1.2 General Specification
   1.3 Teller Terminal Specification (Figure 1-1)
   1.4 Customer Terminal Specification (Figure 1-2)

2 INSTALLATION
   2.1 Unpacking Instructions
   2.2 Site Requirements
   2.3 Installation Procedure
   2.4 Wiring Diagrams
      Figure 2-1 (Dwg #700-1001C)
      Figure 2-2 (Dwg #701-1001B)
      Figure 2-3 (Dwg #702-1001B)
   2.5 Installation Drawings
      Figure 2-4 (Dwg. #20089)

3 OPERATION
   3.1 Switches and Indicators
   3.2 Functions
   3.3 Sequence of Operation

4 MAINTENANCE
   4.1 Cleaning
   4.2 Preventative Maintenance

5 SERVICE
   5.1 Fault Analysis
   5.2 Pre-requisite vs. Stand-alone functions
   5.3 Field Wiring
   5.4 Troubleshooting Guide
DISCLAIMER

The material in this manual is for information purposes only. The contents and the product described are subject to change without notice. The manufacturer makes no presentations or warranties with respect to this manual. This product was designed for certain applications only. It may not be modified and/or used for any applications other than that which it was designed. The design specifications of the product described herein is subject to change without notice. The manufacturer reserves the right to make such changes without incurring any obligation to make them in units previously sold. Differences between the unit you received and the views contained herein are the result of design improvement and/or the addition of options as specified.

WARNINGS

Caution: If not properly installed, operated and maintained, the use of this equipment presents the possibility of personal injury or property damage. Before use, all persons who will install, operate or maintain this product should read this manual thoroughly. For safe, dependable performance, follow all instructions and recommendations contained herein.

Caution: To prevent fire or shock, do not expose this product to rain or any type of moisture.

Caution: Keep hands clear of moving parts.

Caution: Always unplug unit from power source prior to cleaning or servicing unit.

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Product overview

This pneumatic tube system is a durable, field proven unit. It has been designed to provide easy access by both customer and teller, and reliable operation under harsh conditions.

This pneumatic tube system is for overhead tube applications using the proven push-pull method. Blowers are located in the customer unit and insulated for quiet operation. This system features teller units which do not block the tellers view.

1.2 Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Power Requirements:</th>
<th>120 VAC 5-/60 Hz.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Power Consumption</td>
<td>Kiosk: 1 Amp</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blowers:</td>
<td>9 Amps ea.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum package weight:</td>
<td>No more than 4 roll of coins, otherwise limited only by space in carrier.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum carrier velocity:</td>
<td>40 feet per second</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1.3 TELLER TERMINAL SPECIFICATIONS

MODEL 701 TELLER UNIT

WIRE ACCESS (2 PL)

PLAN

LEFT SIDE ELEVATION

FRONT ELEVATION

FIG. 1.1 TELLER TERMINAL
1.4 CUSTOMER TERMINAL SPECIFICATIONS

MODEL 702 CUSTOMER UNIT

CLEAR BUTYRATE TUBING

PLAN

CAMERA (OPTIONAL)

AUDIO (SPEAKER/MIC)

CARRIER DEPOSIT

SEND BUTTON

TELLER CALL BUTTON

FRONT ELEVATION

FIG. 1.2 CUSTOMER TERMINAL
2 INSTALLATION

2.1 Unpacking and Inspection
The carton should contain the following items:
1. Teller Terminal Assembly
2. Customer Terminal Assembly
3. Wall Mount Bracket
4. Transition cover plate
5. Carrier Assembly, 4.29
6. Powder Coated Conduit (3/4 x 10' lg.)
7. PVC to Acrylic (Butyrate) Adapter, 4-1/2"
8. PVC Bend with Air Relief, 4-1/2" x 20" Rad, 90 deg.
9. PVC Bend, 4-1/2" x 20" Rad, 90 deg.
10. PVC Coupling, 4-1/2"
11. Tubing, Butyrate (4-3/4" O.D. x 4-3/8" I.D. x 10' lg.)
13. Washer, Flat, 1/4"
14. Washer, Split Ring Lock, 1/4"
15. Nut, Hex, 1/4-20
18. Washer, Flat, 3/8"
19. Anchor, Wedge, 3/8" x 2-3/4" lg. w/flat washer & nut
20. Screw, BHC, 8-32 x 1/2" lg.
21. Screw, BHC, 8-32 x 1/4" lg.
1. Drawing, 700 Series RTS

2.2 Site Requirements
The pneumatic tube system can be installed in most existing drive thru locations. Adequate support structure is required to support the pneumatic tube above the drive thru. It is recommended that the structure be covered to protect the customer kiosk from the weather.
Electrical power can be run underground or overhead. Underground and Overhead power applications use 2 ea. 3/4" conduits. One for 115 VAC power and the other for control, CCTV, audio, low voltage power. Each lane must have (1) 15 amp circuit. This circuit supplies both the customer kiosk and the teller kiosk. The preferred method of connection is a duplex outlet in the canopy near the point where the transmission tube enters the canopy.
Note: Reference section 2.5 for the Installation Drawing.

2.3 Installation Procedure
The teller unit is installed by mounting the hanging bracket on the wall above the window. The G.C. should provide a header capable of supporting the weight of the teller unit to secure the bracket to the wall. The teller unit is attached to the bracket using supplied hardware.
The customer unit base is anchored to the island using 3/8" wedge anchors. The base is positioned using the supplied 30 deg. template. The base is leveled using shims then secured using the anchor bolts.
The tubing is cut and fit using standard practices.
Joints should be secured by appropriate methods to prevent vacuum loss. Tubing should be braced to prevent excessive movement and possible stresses to joints. Note: Wiring of the units is covered in section 2.4 of this manual.
NOTES:
1. THE BRANCH CIRCUITS SUPPLYING THE 700 SERIES RTS MUST BE A DEDICATED CIRCUIT USING INDIVIDUAL HOT, NEUTRAL AND GROUND CONDUCTORS.
2. NEITHER THE CONDUIT NOR THE NEUTRAL SHOULD BE SHARED WITH OTHER CIRCUITS.
3. CONDUIT MUST NOT BE USED IN PLACE OF GROUND WIRE.
4. CUSTOMER UNIT LOAD IS 8.0 AMPS. TELLER UNIT LOAD IS 1.0 AMP. NO OTHER LOADS ARE TO BE CONNECTED TO THIS CIRCUIT.
5. ONE BREAKER IS TO SHUT DOWN ONE SYSTEM (CUSTOMER & TELLER UNIT) ONLY.

BUILDINGS ELECTRICAL POWER
(NOTE 1) (DETAIL "F")

JUNCTION BOX

CENTER LINE OF TUBE BEND (REF)

CENTER LINE OF 4-1/2" TUBE (REF)

CUSTOMER TERMINAL POWER BOX
REFERENCE DETAIL "D"

CUSTOMER TERMINAL ASSY
AVC ASSY #702-1000

REFERENCE SHEET 2 OF 2
FOR DETAILS

TELLER TERMINAL
DRIVE MOUNT ASSY
REFERENCE DETAIL "B"

TELLER TERMINAL
PCB ASSY
REFERENCE DETAIL "A"

TELLER TERMINAL ASSY
AVC ASSY #701-1000

CUSTOMER TERMINAL ASSY
AVC ASSY #702-1000

AUDIO MATRIX
REFERENCE DETAIL "E"

20 A SWITCHED CIRCUIT FOR TELLER & CUSTOMER TERMINAL POWER
(VERIFY LOCATION WITH B.E.C.)
(NOTE 1)

CUSTOMER/TELLER INTERFACE CABLE
15 CONDUCTOR, 22GA.
REF: Belden #8456 OR EQUIV.
Avc part #2009-0003

AUDIO INTERFACE CABLE
3 PR INDIVIDUALLY SHELLED, 22 GA.
REF: Belden #8777 OR EQUIV.
Avc part #2007-0020

120 VAC, 60Hz, 1PH, 20 AMP
DEDICATED SWITCHED BRANCH CIRCUIT
(NOTE 1)
700 SERIES CUSTOMER TERMINAL
MODEL 702

NOTE:
1. CUSTOMER TERMINAL WILL RECEIVE OVERHEAD OR UNDERGROUND CONDUIT. IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE OWNER/ARCHITECT/GC TO COORDINATE.
2. SYSTEM IS AVAILABLE FOR USE WITH PVC OR STEEL TUBING.
REQUEST MODEL 700-00 FOR PVC OR MODEL 700-01 FOR STEEL.

CONTROL & AUDIO CABLE (SEE NOTE)
120 V 15 A CIRCUIT (SEE NOTE)

700 SERIES TELLER TERMINAL
MODEL 701
DO NOT SCALE
ISLAND DETAIL
(Overhead Conduit Installation)
Note: Island is to be smooth and level.

GENERAL NOTES:
1. All conduit & proper routing of such is by others.
2. All protective bollards by others.
3. G.C. is to provide openings into building for routing of tubes & such. G.C. is to cover openings after installation.
4. Electrician is to properly label all circuits.
5. Canopy construction is to be such that it allows for a "straight tube run" from teller terminal to customer terminal without obstructions.
6. Two each of 3/4" powder coated BMC conduit are provided with each unit.
7. It is the responsibility of owner/architect/GC to verify all applicable national, state & local codes.

American Vault®
Waco, Texas

700 SERIES REMOTE TRANSACTION SYSTEM
MODEL 700-00 PVC MODEL 700-01 STEEL

PRODUCT APPLICATION DRAWING

UL LISTED

SIZE: B
DWC NO: 20089
DATE: 01.10.09
SHEET: 2 OF 2
3 OPERATIONS
3.1 Switches and Indicators

3.1.1 Send Switch
The send switch located on the teller control panel initiates a send cycle any time the system is not in the middle of a cycle, regardless of the position of either door or the carrier.

3.1.2 Home Switch
The home switch located on the teller control panel initiates a home cycle any time it is pushed. Even if the system is in the middle of a cycle, and regardless of the position of any doors or the carrier.

3.1.3 Tset Switch
The Tset switch located on the teller control P.C.B. initiates a travel time set sequence. This process is described further in section 3.2.4 of this manual.

3.1.5 Send lamp
The send lamp, located on the send switch indicates the system status for the send function. Off indicates that the system is not in the send mode, however the send switch will be recognized. On solid indicates that the system is in the send mode and expects the next operation to be send. On flashing indicates that the system is in a send cycle and the operator should wait.

3.1.6 Home lamp
The home lamp, located on the home switch indicates the system status for the home function. Off indicates that the system is not in the home mode, however the home switch will be recognized. On solid indicates that the system is in the home mode and expects the next operation to be home. On flashing indicates that the system is in a home cycle and the operator should wait.

3.1.7 Customer Send Switch
The customer send switch, located on the front of the customer unit, initiates a home cycle only upon the successful completion of a teller send cycle.

3.1.8 Call Switch
The call switch, located on the front of the customer unit, is part of the audio interface provided on the customer unit circuit board. Pressing this switch generates a call tone on the connected audio system.

3.2 Functions

3.2.1 Send
The send function is used to move the carrier from the teller position to the customer position. When this switch is pressed, the control checks the position of the customer door. If the door is not closed, a signal is generated to close it. Next, the position of the teller door is checked, if it is not fully closed, the door is closed then opened slightly. Next, the blower control valve is rotated into position. Then the send blower, located in the customer unit comes on pulling the carrier to the outside. The carrier then arrives at the customer unit. When the send blower time completes, the outside door opens, then the teller door closes, and the blower control valve moves to the home position. This completes the send cycle.

3.2.2 Home
The home function is used to move the carrier from the customer position to the teller position. When this switch is pressed, the control checks the position of the customer door. If the door is not closed, a signal is generated to close it. Next, the position of the teller door is checked, if it is not fully closed, the door is closed. Next, the blower control valve is rotated into position. Then the home blower, located in the customer unit comes on pushing the carrier to the inside. The carrier then arrives at the teller unit. When the home blower time completes, the inside door opens, and the blower control valve moves to the send position. This completes the home cycle.
3 Operations (continued)

3.2.3 Tset

This function is used to set the travel time of the carrier in both directions.

3.2.3.1 Setting the send time:
1. Press home and wait for the cycle to complete.
2. Place carrier in carrier deposit chamber.
4. Immediately, the send lamp will flash.
5. Wait for the send lamp to light solid.
6. Press the send switch and hold it until the carrier lands outside. This will be indicated either visually or audibly. Continue holding the send switch for about half a second after the carrier lands to ensure that the carrier will have plenty of time to get there.
7. This completes the send time setting procedure.

3.2.3.2 Setting the home time:
1. Place carrier in carrier deposit chamber.
2. Press send and wait for the cycle to complete.
3. Press the Tset switch.
4. Immediately, the home lamp will flash.
5. Wait for the home lamp to light solid.
6. Press the home switch and hold it until the carrier lands inside. This will be indicated either visually or audibly. Continue holding the home switch for about half a second after the carrier lands to ensure that the carrier will have plenty of time to get there.
7. This completes the home time setting procedure.

3.2.4 Customer Send

This function is used by the customer to move the carrier from the customer terminal to the teller terminal. This switch is only active after the successful completion of a send function. Once the customer send switch is recognized by the control, the sequence is identical to the home cycle.

3.2.5 Recall before delivery

Recall is used to return a carrier to the teller before the customer has the chance to retrieve it. It is useful if the teller sends the wrong carrier to a lane. Recall is activated by holding the home switch during a send cycle. After the switch is held for about 1 second, the home lamp will begin flashing. This indicates that the recall is pending. When the carrier lands outside it will immediately return before the door opens. Once the customer door begins to open, the recall function will not be accepted.

3.2.6 Shutdown Mode Rev 4 (blue dot) firmware only.

Shutdown mode is used to prevent air inside the bank from circulating through the tube and causing condensation. To enter shutdown mode, ‘home’ the system and remove the carrier. Press and hold teller ‘Send’. When the send and home lights go out, you can release ‘Send’. (approx. 6 seconds). The blower will time out, both doors will be closed and the home light will come on. To return to normal operation, press ‘Home’. The teller door will open and the carrier can be placed into the system and sent out to the customer.
4 MAINTENANCE

4.1 Cleaning
The customer and teller units should be cleaned with a mild cleaner and a soft cloth. Any debris should be removed from the carrier deposit chambers as they could prevent proper operation of the system. Use of harsh solvents or acids could damage the finish of the system.

4.2 Preventative maintenance
There are no user serviceable parts in the customer or teller units and all service should be performed by authorized service personnel. The system should be serviced yearly to check the condition of drive components, and to remove any debris from the inside of the customer and teller units. The serviceman should check the motor, drive belts and rollers for signs of excessive wear, and replace if necessary.
5 SERVICE

5.1 Fault Analysis
There are indicators on the teller and customer units which help in troubleshooting the Model 700 Remote Teller System. They are outlined below.

5.1.1 Teller Unit
1. Send Light
   This lighted switch is lit upon proper initialization of the teller unit. It indicates that the system is ready for a send operation. This switch will flash during a send cycle, signaling that the operation is currently in process.
2. Home Light
   This lighted switch is lit after a Send operation is complete. It indicates that a home operation is the next intended operation. This switch will flash during a home cycle, signaling that the operation is currently in process. It will also be lit during a send cycle signaling that a recall before delivery cycle can be initiated.

5.1.2 Customer Unit
1. Send and Call Lights
   Send and Call lights are lit directly from the +12 volt supply of the Teller PCB. If these lights are not on then +12VDC is not present on the outside board.

5.2 Pre-requisite vs. Stand-alone functions
The functions of the Model 700 RTS can be divided into two groups. Stand alone functions and pre-requisite functions.

5.2.1 Stand-alone functions are those that don’t require certain conditions for operation. These include the following:
1. Teller Send
2. Teller Home
3. Teller and Customer door operations
4. Diverter valve operation

5.2.2 Pre-requisite operations are those that require that certain conditions exist in order to complete properly. These include:
1. Home Blower
   Teller and Customer door closed limit switches must remain activated in order for the home blower cycle to complete. If either door opens, the blower cycle will end immediately. If either door fails to close, the blower cycle will be skipped.
2. Send Blower
   Customer door closed limit switch must remain activated in order for the send blower cycle to complete. If customer door opens, the blower cycle will end immediately. If customer door fails to close, the blower cycle will be skipped.
3. Customer Send
   Customer Send is only active after the completion of a Teller Send cycle.

5.2.3 TSET
TSET is a status conditional operation. If the teller send switch is lit, pressing the TSET button will initiate a send time set sequence. If the teller home switch is lit, pressing the tset button will initiate a home time set sequence.
5 SERVICE (continued)

5.3 Field Wiring

- **+V**
  +12VDC on later boards +5VDC on 700-2000 Rev 2 and earlier supplies power for customer pushbutton lights and CSND customer send function.
- **GND Control Common**
- **CTO Customer Terminal Open**
  A positive voltage on this wire will cause the customer door to open. 0 VDC inactive, 10 VDC active
- **CTC Customer Terminal Close**
  A positive voltage on this wire will cause the customer door to close. 0 VDC inactive, 10 VDC active
- **CTOL Customer Terminal Open Limit**
  The teller board holds this wire at 10 VDC. The customer open limit switch pulls this wire to GND when the door is fully open. If this circuit fails OPEN, the door will chatter for a few seconds when the limit is reached but the system will otherwise function. If this circuit fails closed, the door will not open because the teller board thinks it already is fully open.
- **CTCL Customer Terminal Close Limit**
  The teller board holds this wire at 10 VDC. The customer close limit switch pulls this wire to GND when the door is fully closed. If this circuit fails OPEN, the door will chatter for a few seconds when the limit is reached and the blower motor will not turn on. If this circuit fails closed, the door will not close because the teller board thinks it already is fully open. The blower will come on but with the door open, the carrier will not travel.
- **GVO Gate Valve Open**
  A positive voltage on this wire will cause the home blower port to open and the send blower port to close. 0 VDC inactive, 10 VDC active
- **GVC Gate Valve Close**
  A positive voltage on this wire will cause the home blower port to close and the send blower port to open. 0 VDC inactive, 10 VDC active
- **GVOL Gate Valve Open Limit**
  The teller board holds this wire to 10 VDC. The gate valve open limit switch pulls this wire to GND when the gate valve is fully in the Home position. If this circuit fails Open circuit, the valve will chatter against the Open limit for a few seconds but the unit will otherwise function. If this circuit fails in the shorted condition, the valve will not move to the open position because the teller controller will think it is already in position
- **GVCL Gate Valve Close Limit**
  The teller board holds this wire to 10 VDC. The gate valve close limit switch pulls this wire to GND when the gate valve is fully in the Send position. If this circuit fails in the Open circuit condition, the valve will chatter against the Open limit for a few seconds but the unit will otherwise function. If this circuit fails in the shorted condition, the valve will not move to the closed position because the teller controller will think it is already in position
5 SERVICE (continued)

5.3 Field Wiring (continued)
- SBLO Send Blower
  This wire is normal 0 VDC. When the teller turns on the blower, this wire goes to approx 10 VDC to turn on the blower motor
- HBLO Home Blower
  This wire is normal 0 VDC. When the teller turns on the blower, this wire goes to approx 10 VDC to turn on the blower motor
- CSND Customer Send
  On all systems prior to teller board 700-2000 Rev C. This signal is normally at the GND voltage and changes to near V+ when the customer send pushbutton is pressed.
  On boards 700-2000 Rev C and later, this polarity is settable by jumper JP1 & JP2 on the teller board. JP1 is shorted if the customer board is a 700-2000 rev. C otherwise JP2 is shorted. The 700-2100 Rev C customer board has 1 jumper, JP3 it should only have a jumper installed if it is being used with a 700-2000 Rev. C teller board.
- +V Positive Voltage
  +12VDC on later boards +5VDC on 700-2000 Rev 2 and earlier. Supplies power for customer pushbutton lights and CSND customer send function.
- GND Control Common
- GND Control Common

5.4.1 Field wiring indicators (700-2000 Rev C only)
The Rev C teller board has indicator led’s to help diagnose problems with the customer/teller interface. These correspond with the wire directly below the LED. If the CTO, CTC, GVO, GVC, SBLO, HBLO led’s are lit then the customer motor corresponding to that function should be running. If the CTOL, CTCL, GVOL, GVCL led’s are lit then that corresponding limit switch should be made. The CSND led should light any time the Customer send pushbutton is pressed.

5.4 Troubleshooting Guide

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Checks</th>
<th>Corrective Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>110 VAC Power</td>
<td>Check 110 VAC Power to teller and customer units.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12 VDC Power</td>
<td>Check for Send and Call pushbutton lights on the customer unit. These work directly off of 12 VDC and should always be on.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Field wiring</td>
<td>Disconnect field wiring from the teller end. Power up teller end. If the door opens and the send light lights up then there is a crossed wire or a short in the field wiring or the customer board is shorting out the 5 volt supply.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuses</td>
<td>Fuses on the teller and customer board are self resetting provided that the over current condition has been cleared.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wiring</td>
<td>Check wiring harness on teller board and between customer and teller units.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Teller Board</td>
<td>Check for damaged connectors, traces or components on the teller board</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 5 SERVICE (continued)

#### 5.4 Troubleshooting Guide (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Checks</th>
<th>Corrective Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Symptom: Blower Control Valve Does Not Operate</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check valve for free movement up &amp; down</td>
<td>Remove the motor with its mounting plate from the blower assembly. Make sure the valve spool can be moved up &amp; down freely. If the spool is not free, remove it and check for debris or burrs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actuator Arm</td>
<td>The Actuator Arm on the valve assembly should move freely. Make Shoulder Screws are not binding in slots</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power</td>
<td>Ensure that 120 VAC power is present at the Customer board. this may be checked with a DVM at TB1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relays</td>
<td>You should not attempt to measure the relays directly because of the possibility of damage however you can measure the voltage on the field wiring. This is the terminal marked GVO gate valve open, and GVC gate valve close. This voltage should be 0 volts normally and about 1.1 volts when operating. If this voltage exceeds 4.5 volts when operating, the relay for the related function is defective. In order to check the output side of the relay you will have to complete the above step to prove the input is working then substitute a known good board. If the motor still does not work then the board should be replaced.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gear motor</td>
<td>See gear motor section</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Checks</th>
<th>Corrective Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Symptom: Blowers Do Not Come On</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blower Signal</td>
<td>Monitor the voltage on the field wiring terminals marked SBLO ‘send blower’ and HBLO ‘home blower’. The voltage should be 0 normally and will go to five volts nominally when the blower signal is present</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power</td>
<td>Verify that blowers are connected to 110 VAC power.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wiring</td>
<td>Check wiring for proper connection and continuity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blower Motor</td>
<td>Measure the AC voltage across the load side of the relay when the blower motors are not running. If this voltage is less that the 120 VAC supply voltage, the motor brushes are likely worn out. You may also check the blower motor by bypassing solid state relay and powering the motor directly. You MUST disconnect power while rewiring blower. Failure to do so could result in injury or death.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Door positions</td>
<td>In order for the blowers to be turned on, the doors must be closed. If the controller doesn’t recognize that the doors are closed, the blowers will not turn on. This could be caused from defective door motors, defective door limit switches, wiring problems or a defective microcontroller.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solid State Relay</td>
<td>The solid state relay can be checked by the process of elimination. If you verify that the blower signal is present and verify the operation of the blower motor, it can be assumed that the relay is defective.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 5 SERVICE (continued)

#### 5.4 Troubleshooting Guide (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Checks</th>
<th>Corrective Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Check door for freedom of movement</td>
<td>Remove the drive plate from the unit. Make sure the door can move up and down freely. The door should slide down by its own weight.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Door seal</td>
<td>Ensure that the top seal of the door is not stuck to the casting. If so, light oil should prevent future adhesion.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power</td>
<td>Ensure that 120 VAC power is present at the Customer board. this may be checked with a DVM at TB1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relays</td>
<td>You should not attempt to measure the relays directly because of the possibility of damage however you can measure the voltage on the field wiring. This is the terminal marked CTO customer terminal open, and CTC customer terminal close. This voltage should be 0 volts normally and about 1.1 volts when operating. If this voltage exceeds 4.5 volts when operating, the relay for the related function is defective. In order to check the output side of the relay you will have to complete the above step to prove the input is working then substitute a known good motor. If the motor works then the Solid State relay is defective.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limit Switches</td>
<td>Make sure that the limit switch connections are good and that the switch has continuity. Check the limit switch ‘away’ from the door drive block. If this switch is defective the door won’t move to it.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wiring</td>
<td>Check all wiring and connections in the limit switch and motor harness. Check closely for damaged contacts in the connectors which may appear OK but may not be making contact.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gear motor</td>
<td>The motor lead resistance should be 1,660 Ohms nominally from black to blue and red to blue. There should be no continuity from red to case, red to black or black to case. If motor is running but the output shaft is not turning, the gearbox may be defective.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>